## Rationalizing Denominators

Rationalize each denominator using the conjugate.

$$
\frac{2}{2-\sqrt{3}}=
$$

$$
\frac{2}{3+\sqrt{5}}=
$$

$$
\frac{3}{5-\sqrt{2}}=
$$

$$
\frac{2}{3-2 \sqrt{3}}=
$$

$$
\frac{3}{\sqrt{2}+5}=
$$

$$
\frac{3}{3-2 \sqrt{2}}=
$$



$$
\frac{5}{5+3 \sqrt{2}}=
$$

## Rationalizing Denominators

Rationalize each denominator using the conjugate.
$\frac{2}{2-\sqrt{3}}=2(2+\sqrt{3})$

$$
\frac{2}{3+\sqrt{5}}=2(3-\sqrt{5})
$$

$\frac{3}{5-\sqrt{2}}=\frac{3(5+\sqrt{2})}{23}$

$$
\frac{2}{3-2 \sqrt{3}}=-\frac{2(3+2 \sqrt{3})}{3}
$$

$\frac{3}{\sqrt{2}+5}=-\frac{3(\sqrt{2}-5)}{23}$

$$
\frac{3}{3-2 \sqrt{2}}=3(3+2 \sqrt{2})
$$

$\frac{4}{2-\sqrt{2}}=2(2+\sqrt{2})$

$$
\frac{5}{5+3 \sqrt{2}}=\frac{5(5-3 \sqrt{2})}{7}
$$

