## Multiply Mixed Numbers

Convert the mixed numbers to improper fractions and multiply. Use canceling when possible,

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 4 \frac{2}{5} \times 2 \frac{1}{2}= \\
& 2 \frac{1}{4} \times 3 \frac{1}{3}=
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
4 \frac{2}{2} \times 4 \frac{3}{4}=
$$

$$
4 \frac{1}{3} \times 2 \frac{1}{2}=
$$

$$
2 \frac{2}{5} \times 3 \frac{1}{3}=
$$

$$
2 \frac{1}{2} \times 2 \frac{2}{3}=
$$

$$
2 \frac{2}{5} \times 2 \frac{1}{3}=
$$

$$
4 \frac{3}{4} \times 4 \frac{2}{3}=
$$

Multiply Mixed Numbers
Convert the mixed numbers to improper fractions and multiply. Use canceling when possible,

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 4 \frac{2}{5} \times 2 \frac{1}{2}=\frac{22}{5} \times \frac{5}{2}=11 \\
& 2 \frac{1}{4} \times 3 \frac{1}{3}=\frac{9}{4} \times \frac{10}{3}=\frac{15}{2}=7 \frac{1}{2} \\
& 4 \frac{2}{5} \times 4 \frac{3}{4}=\frac{22}{5} \times \frac{19}{4}=\frac{209}{10}=20 \frac{9}{10} \\
& 4 \frac{1}{3} \times 2 \frac{1}{2}=\frac{13}{3} \times \frac{5}{2}=\frac{65}{6}=10 \frac{5}{6} \\
& 2 \frac{2}{5} \times 3 \frac{1}{3}=\frac{12}{5} \times \frac{10}{3}=8 \\
& 2 \frac{1}{2} \times 2 \frac{2}{3}=\frac{5}{2} \times \frac{8}{3}=\frac{20}{3}=6 \frac{2}{3} \\
& 2 \frac{2}{5} \times 2 \frac{1}{3}=\frac{12}{5} \times \frac{7}{3}=\frac{28}{5}=5 \frac{3}{5} \\
& 4 \frac{3}{4} \times 4 \frac{2}{3}=\frac{19}{4} \times \frac{14}{3}=\frac{133}{6}=22 \frac{1}{6}
\end{aligned}
$$

