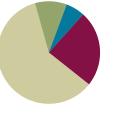
# Lesson 12

# Objective: Understand the meaning of zero. Write the numeral 0.

Related Topics: More Lesson Plans for the Common Core Math

#### **Suggested Lesson Structure**

Fluency Practice	(12 minutes)
Application Problem	(5 minutes)
Concept Development	(30 minutes)
Student Debrief	(3 minutes)
Total Time	(50 minutes)



## Fluency Practice (12 minutes)

•	Birthday Candles K.CC.4a	(6 minutes)
•	Finger Counting K.CC.2	(3 minutes)

Sunrise/Sunset Counting to 5 K.CC.2 (3 minutes)

## **Birthday Candles (6 minutes)**

Conduct activity as outlined in Lesson 6.

This is the second time that this activity appears in the module. Be especially cognizant, and ready to support students who must recount each time, rather than take off, or put on more crayons to represent the new number.

## Finger Counting (3 minutes)

Conduct activity as outlined in Lesson 8.

As students grow more capable in complicated sequences, consider introducing 6. Focus on the transition between 5 and 6. Repetition will be valuable in seeing 5 as a unit.

## Sunrise/Sunset Counting to 5 (3 minutes)

Conduct activity as outlined in Lesson 7.

If students exhibit mastery, consider counting higher.



Lesson 12: Date:







## **Application Problem (5 minutes)**

Draw a group of 4 apples. Make some red and some green. Tell your friend how many are red and how many are green. Did you and your friend have the same number of red apples?

## **Concept Development (30 minutes)**

Materials: (S) Bag of 5 loose linking cubes per student (varied colors), personal white board

- T: Please put all of your cubes in front of you. Pick up a cube. How many are you holding now?
- S: 1.
- T: Pick up one more cube and connect it to your first cube. How high is your tower now?
- S: 2 cubes.
- T: (Repeat with the remaining cubes to make a tower of five.) Hold your tower high! Now we will take it apart. Take off one of your cubes and put it on the table. How many cubes are left in your tower?
- S: 4.
- T: Let's take off another one. (Repeat and ask the number left each time until the students are holding only 1 cube.) How many cubes are left in your tower?
- S: 1.
- T: Please put down the last cube. How many cubes are left in your tower?
- S: None!
- T: The math word for *none* is **zero**. Repeat after me: There are zero cubes left in my tower.
- S: There are zero cubes left in my tower.
- T: (Repeat the finger counting from fluency, starting from 1 going up to 5 and from 5 down to zero as a fist.) Our numeral for zero looks like the outline of our fist. (Trace a zero around the outside of your fist and then write 0 on the board).
- T: Please put all of your cubes back in the bag. Let's practice writing a zero. Please make it with your finger in the air as I draw it on the board.
- T: We start at the top middle of the writing frame and then make a big curved line that just touches each side as we go along. We end up back at the top.



#### NOTES ON MULTIPLE MEANS FOR ENGAGEMENT:

As an extension of this activity ask the children when they have a 3 tower, "How many cubes do I have to take off to have zero?" "Let's check and see if that is correct. 4 tower to zero? 5 tower to zero?"



Make a poster with the zero (in fancy letters). Post the chart and ask the students what it says. Ask the children what else is on the poster. What does zero mean?



Lesson 12: Date: Understand the meaning of zero. Write the numeral 0. 4/13/14



1.D.4



This work is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 3.0 Unported License (Demonstrate and say, "Curve from the top; be a hero! Close the loop and make a zero.")

- T: Let's practice zero a few more times together. Use your fingers on your table (or the carpet) while I write on the board. (Demonstrate and repeat the rhyme with the students a few more times.)
- T: Now you may practice making zeroes on your own.

Distribute personal white boards with numeral formation practice sheet inserts to students. Have students begin at the dot. Begin with finger tracing if necessary. With dry markers, practice the number formation. When they demonstrate fluency, remove the inserts and have them write the zeros directly on the sheets with pencil. They may then complete the counting Problem Set.

#### **Problem Set (5 minutes)**

Students should do their personal best to complete the Problem Set within the allotted 5 minutes. For some classes, it may be appropriate to modify the assignment by

specifying which problems they work on first. Some problems do not specify a method for solving. Students solve these problems using the RDW approach used for Application Problems.

## **Student Debrief (3 minutes)**

Lesson Objective: Understand the meaning of zero. Write the numeral 0.

The Student Debrief is intended to invite reflection and active processing of the total lesson experience.

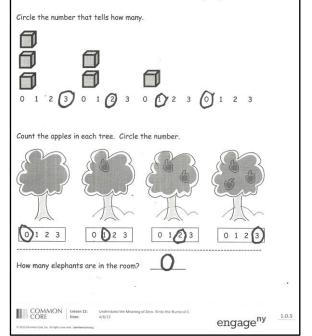
Invite students to review their solutions for the Problem Set. They should check work by comparing answers with a partner before going over answers as a class. Look for misconceptions or misunderstandings that can be addressed in the Debrief. Guide students in a conversation to debrief the Problem Set and process the lesson. You may choose to use any combination of the questions below to lead the discussion.

- How many eyes (noses, fingers, or feet) do you have?
- How many tails do you have?
- Use this frame to tell about more things we have none of. We have zero \_\_\_\_\_\_ in our classroom. Have fun with this. Get them to talk to a partner after generating some ideas (elephants, zebras, spaceships, or bank robbers.)
- What is the math word for none? Let's say our rhyme one more time! (Repeat rhyme and trace the numeral zero together in the air.)



MP.7

Lesson 12: Date: Understand the meaning of zero. Write the numeral 0. 4/13/14



NYS COMMON CORE MATHEMATICS CURRICULUM

Lesson 12



1.D.5

Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 3.0 Unported License



#### **Exit Ticket (3 minutes)**

After the Student Debrief, instruct students to complete the Exit Ticket. A review of their work will help you assess the students' understanding of the concepts that were presented in the lesson today and plan more effectively for future lessons. You may read the questions aloud to the students.



Lesson 12: Date:

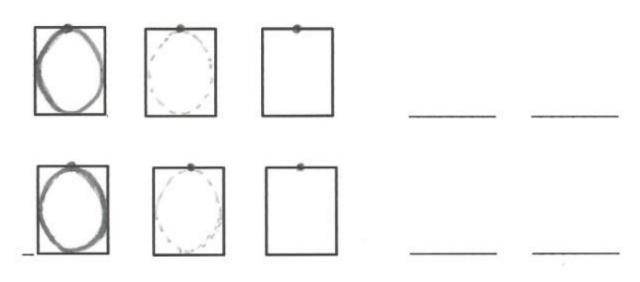




Name

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Insert the template into your personal white board. Practice with your dry erase marker. When you are ready, write in pencil on the paper.



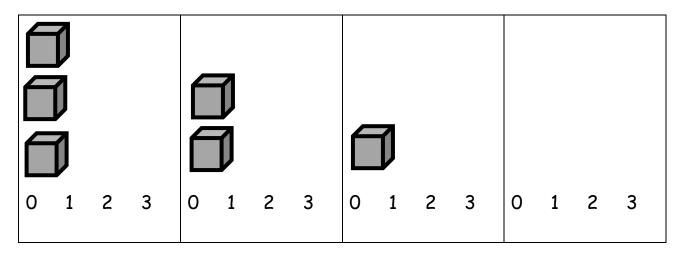


Lesson 12: Date:

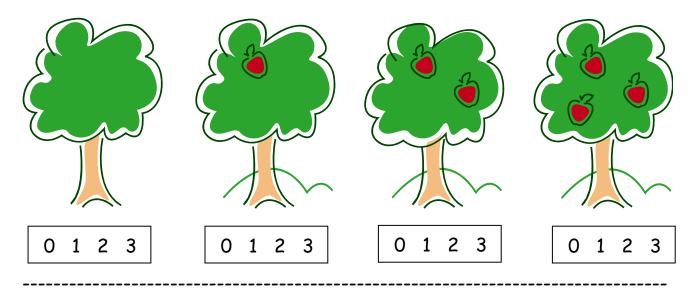




Circle the number that tells how many.



Count the apples in each tree. Circle the number.



How many elephants are in the room?



Lesson 12: Date: Understand the meaning of zero. Write the numeral 0. 4/13/14



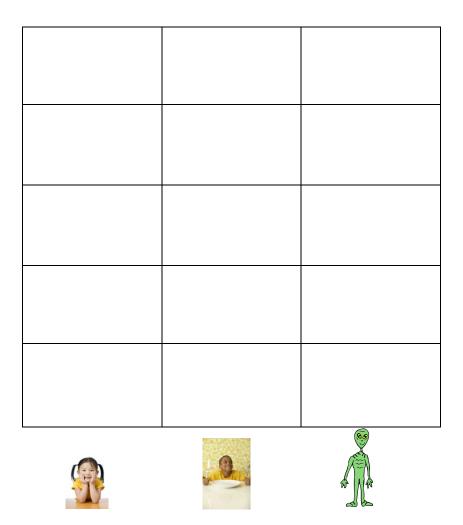
1.D.8



Name \_\_\_\_\_

Date\_\_\_\_\_

Color in the blocks to show how many girls, boys, and aliens are at your table. Don't forget to count yourself!





Lesson 12: Date:



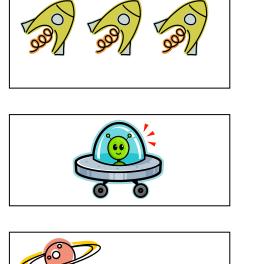


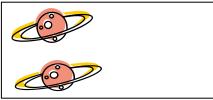
Name

Date

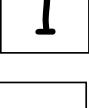
How many? Draw a line between each picture and its number.

\_\_\_\_\_













Write the numbers in the blanks.

\_\_\_\_, 1, 2, 3 0,\_\_\_\_, 2, 3



Lesson 12: Date: Understand the meaning of zero. Write the numeral 0. 4/13/14





This work is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 3.0 Unported License.