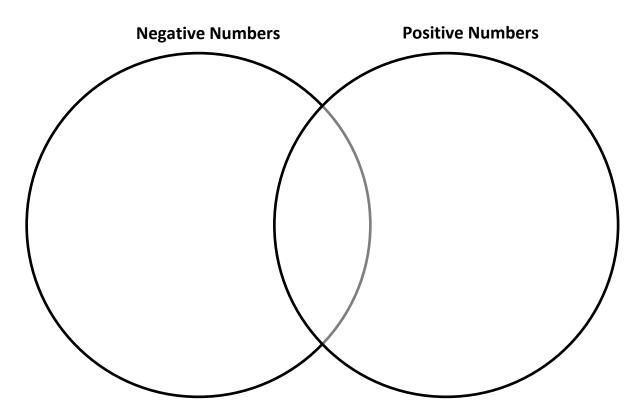


# Lesson 1: Opposite Quantities Combine to Make Zero

### Classwork

### **Exercise 1: Positive and Negative Numbers Review**

With your partner, use the graphic organizer below to record what you know about positive and negative numbers. Add or remove statements during the whole class discussion.



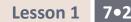


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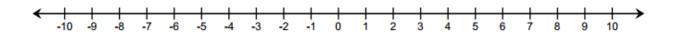




## Example 2: Counting Up and Counting Down on the Number Line

Use the number line below to practice counting up and counting down.

- Counting on means \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- Counting up corresponds to \_\_\_\_\_\_ numbers.
- Counting down corresponds to \_\_\_\_\_\_ numbers.



- a. Where do you begin when locating a number on the number line?
- b. What do you call the distance between a number and 0 on a number line?
- What is the relationship between 7 and -7? c.



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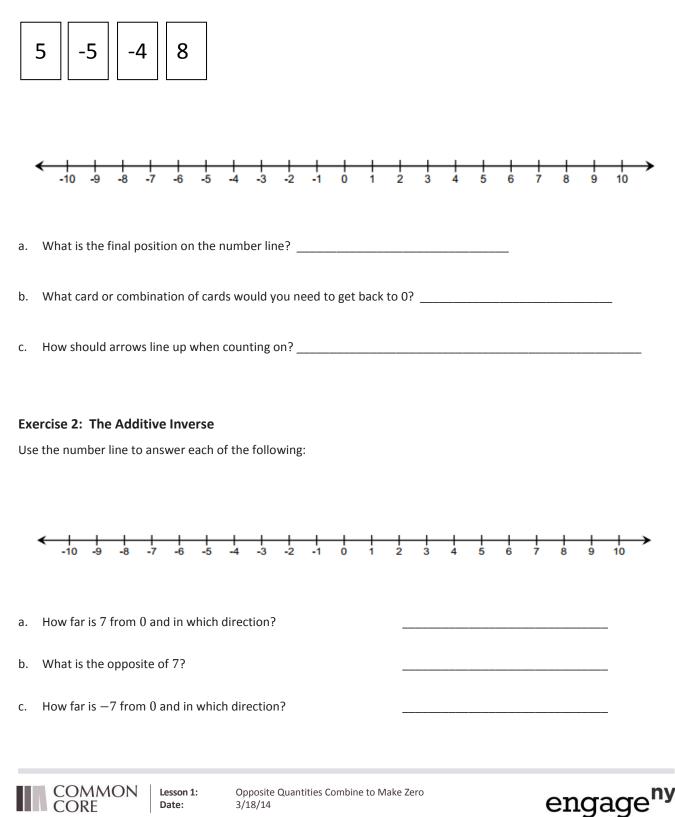






#### **Example 3: Using the Integer Game and the Number Line**

What is the value of the sum of the card values shown? Use the counting on method on the provided number line to justify your answer.





- d. Thinking back to our previous work, how would you use the counting on method to represent the following: While playing the Integer Game, the first card selected is 7 and the second card selected is -7?
- What does this tell us about the sum of 7 and its opposite, -7? e.
- Look at the curved arrows you drew for 7 and -7. What relationship exists between these two arrows that would f. support your claim about the sum of 7 and -7?
- Do you think this will hold true for the sum of any number and its opposite? g.

For all numbers **a** there is a number – **a**, such that  $\mathbf{a} + (-\mathbf{a}) = \mathbf{0}$ .

The additive inverse of a real number is the opposite of that number on the real number line. For example, the opposite of -3 is 3. A number and its additive inverse have a sum of 0. The sum of any number and its opposite is equal to zero.

### Exercise 3: Playing the Integer Game

Play the Integer Game with your group. Use a number line to practice counting on.



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**S.4** 

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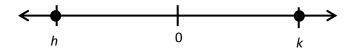
#### **Lesson Summary**

- Add positive integers by counting up and add negative integers by counting down.
- An integer plus its opposite sum to zero.
- The opposite of a number is called the additive inverse because the two numbers' sum is zero.

## **Problem Set**

For Questions 1–3, refer to the Integer Game.

- 1. You have two cards with a sum of (-12) in your hand. What two cards could you have?
- 2. You add two more cards to your hand, but the total sum of the cards remains the same, (-12). Give some different examples of two cards you could choose.
- 3. Choose one card value and its additive inverse. Choose from the list below to write a real-world story problem that would model their sum.
  - a. Elevation: above and below sea level
  - b. Money: credits and debits, deposits and withdrawals
  - c. Temperature: above and below 0 degrees
  - d. Football: loss and gain of yards
- 4. On the number line below, the numbers h and k are the same distance from 0. Write an equation to express the value of h + k.



5. During a football game, Kevin gained five yards on the first play. Then he lost seven yards on the second play. How many yards does Kevin need on the next play to get the team back to where they were when they started? Show your work.



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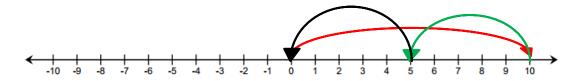


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6. Write an addition number sentence that corresponds to the arrows below.





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